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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/735,470	12/12/2003	Anand R. Kumar	717841.4	4313
27128 7590 01/19/2011 HUSCH BLACKWELL LLP			EXAMINER	
190 Carondelet Plaza Suite 600 ST. LOUIS, MO 63105			PRESTON, JOHN O	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,,			3691	
			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			01/19/2011	ELECTRONIC

## Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

pto-sl@huschblackwell.com

# Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)					
10/735,470	KUMAR ET AL.					
Examiner	Art Unit					
JOHN O. PRESTON	3691					

	JOHN O. PRESTON	3691				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  Extensions of time may be available under the provision of 37 GPR 1.15 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  I NO period for reply is generalled above, the maximum statutory period with a failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply with, by statute, or a set of the period of the reply within the set or extended period for reply with, by statute, are also period to the mailing agent of period term adjustment. See 37 GPR 1.70(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin  till apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  cause the application to become ABANDONE	V. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>17 Au</u> 2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This  3) Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under <u>E</u>	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, pro		e merits is			
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 43 and 46-54 is/are pending in the ap 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrav 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 43 and 46-54 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 12 December 2003 is/an Applicant may not request that any objection to the Geolean Contraving sheet(s) including the correction of	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ object drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s)	A □ Intendence	(DTO 440)				
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(F1O-413)				

Attachment(s)		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)	
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Fatent Drawing Review (PTO 948)</li> </ol>	Paper Ne(s)/I/ all Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	<ol> <li>Notice of Informal Patent Application</li> </ol>	
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) U Other:	

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## DETAILED ACTION

 Claims 43 and 46-54 were presented for examination. Applicant filed an amendment on August 17, 2010. Claims 46-54 were added. Claims 1-42 and 44-45 were canceled. Claim 43 was amended. The examiner establishes new grounds of rejection for claims 43 and 46-54. Since the new grounds of rejection were necessitated by applicant's amendment of the claim(s), the rejection of claim 43 and 46-54 is a final rejection of the claim(s).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- Claims 43 and 46-54 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hanagan (US 2001/0056362 A1) and in view of Brown (6,385,652).
  - Claim 43: In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan suggests:

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(1) a navigation window, providing a tree display of options for access to a
plurality of informational items relating to servicing a focus customer, (Brown:
col 4, lines 55-67)

- (2) a search window providing search access to said informational items,
   (Hanagan: pgh 81)
- (3) an alert window providing pre-configured notifications to the customer service representative (Hanagan: pgh 168)
- (4) a summary area providing synopsis of said informational items, and (Hanagan: pgh 137)
- (5) a content area providing details of said informational items; and (Hanagan: pgh 313)

Hanagan does not teach the remaining limitations. However, Brown suggests:

- a customer care computing system having a memory, an operating system
  and a processor and further having an executable customer care application
  operably stored thereon said memory where said customer care application
  is operable to control the computing system when executed by said
  processor, to access customer care data relating to general customer data
  and management data and generate a graphical user interface having a
  navigation scheme operable to provide a single point of entry user interface
  where customer information and account information is continuously in view;
  said single point of entry graphical user interface comprising user interface
  functions including, (Brown: col 10, lines 35-60)
- where said customer care application of said customer care computing system provides the single point of entry user interface to handle said user interface functions utilizing an integrated group of data repositories which define an element of a graphical user interface and a function of the element and where said integrated group of data repositories include a user interface

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(UI) repository, a data binding repository and a screen repository where said repositories are linked to various object oriented applications executed at runtime of the customer care application thereby performing data binding, field definition and screen arrangement in order to provide the single point of entry graphical user interface. (Brown: col 10, lines 35-60)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the elements cited in Hanagan with the elements as taught by Brown because the claimed invention is merely a combination of old elements, and in the combination each element merely would have performed the same function as it did separately with predictable results.

Claim 46: Hanagan/Brown teaches the limitation(s) as shown in the rejection of claim 43.

In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan further suggests:

- wherein said care system includes preconfigured links and relationships among one or more screens of said care system and further comprising: (Hanagan: pgh 77)
- a functional option to set aside one or more work areas, wherein said set aside option preserves a first set of tasks or features being utilized by said customer service representative, during the performance of a second set of tasks or features. (Hanagan: pqh 78)

Claim 47: Hanagan/Brown teaches the limitation(s) as shown in the rejection of claim 43.

In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan further suggests:

- a hierarchy component for classifying the system representation of one or more service items that relate to one or more accounts of a customer; means for utilizing said classification to organize, present and access information pertaining to said service items; and (Hanagan: pgh 77)
- an integrated user interface component to present and access information pertaining to said service items, wherein said integrated user interface

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provides a navigational display for accessing said one or more service items.

(Hanagan: pgh 54)

Claim 48: In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan suggests:

• (1) a billing information component, (2) an account management component.

• (3) an equipment management component, and (4) an integrated user

interface; (Hanagan: pgh 22-44; 415)

functions including, (Brown: col 10, lines 35-60)

Hanagan does not teach the remaining limitations. However, Brown suggests:

a customer care computing system having a memory, an operating system
and a processor and further having an executable customer care application
operably stored thereon said memory where said customer care application
is operable to control the computing system, when executed by said
processor, to access customer care data relating to general customer data
and management data and generate a graphical user interface having a
navigation scheme operable to provide a single point of entry user interface
where customer information and account information is continuously in view;
said single point of entry graphical user interface comprising user interface

• where said customer care application of said customer care computing system provides the single point of entry user interface to handle said user interface functions utilizing an integrated group of data repositories which define an element of a graphical user interface and a function of the element and where said integrated group of data repositories include a user interface (UI) repository, a data binding repository and a screen repository where said repositories are linked to various object oriented applications executed at runtime of the customer care application thereby performing data binding, field definition and screen arrangement in order to provide the single point of entry graphical user interface. (Brown: col 10, lines 35-60)

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the elements cited in Hanagan with the elements as taught by Brown because the claimed invention is merely a combination of old elements, and in the combination each element merely would have performed

the same function as it did separately with predictable results.

Claim 49: Hanagan/Brown teaches the limitation(s) as shown in the rejection of claim 48.

In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan further suggests:

- wherein said integrated user interface is customer centered and providing interaction between a customer service representative and said billing component, said account management component, and said equipment management component; (Hanagan: pgh 48)
- said billing component providing access to billing information of a customer and the charges associated with one or more services provided to one or more accounts of said customer (Hanagan: pgh 415)
- wherein said one or more accounts are managed and setup utilizing said account management component; and (Hanagan: pgh 165)
- said equipment management component providing information and access relating to any one or more equipment items associated with providing said one or more services to said customer. (Hanagan: pgh 79-81)

Claim 50: Hanagan/Brown teaches the limitation(s) as shown in the rejection of claim 49.

In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan further suggests:

 wherein said work management component provides and receives information from said customer service representative relating to one or more tasks that are to be provided by a service provider. (Hanagan: pgh 79-81)

Claim 51: Hanagan/Brown teaches the limitation(s) as shown in the rejection of claim 50.

In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan further suggests:

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 wherein said work management component further manages work flows and work queues associated with said one or more tasks. (Hanagan: pah 81)

Claim 52: Hanagan/Brown teaches the limitation(s) as shown in the rejection of claim 51.

In recard to the following limitation, Hanagan further suggests:

wherein said management of work flows entails categorizing of said one or

more tasks by assignment, output for end user interaction, and system functions including process initiation or application launching. (Hanagan: pgh 81)

Claim 53: In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan suggests:

(1) a service order component, (2) a service agreement component, (1) a
payment collection and adjustment component, and (3) a customer centric
user interface; (Hanagan: pph 22-44; 415)

Hanagan does not teach the remaining limitations. However, Brown suggests:

- a customer care computing system having a memory, an operating system
  and a processor and further having an executable customer care application
  operably stored thereon said memory where said customer care application
  is operable to control the computing system, when executed by said
  processor, to access customer care data relating to general customer data
  and management data and generate a graphical user interface having a
  navigation scheme operable to provide a single point of entry user interface
  where customer information and account information is continuously in view;
  said single point of entry graphical user interface comprising user interface
  functions including, (Brown: col 10, lines 35-60)
- where said customer care application of said customer care computing system provides the single point of entry user interface to handle said user interface functions utilizing an integrated group of data repositories which define an element of a graphical user interface and a function of the element

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and where said integrated group of data repositories include a user interface (UI) repository, a data binding repository and a screen repository where said repositories are linked to various object oriented applications executed at runtime of the customer care application thereby performing data binding, field definition and screen arrangement in order to provide the single point of entry graphical user interface. (Brown: col 10, lines 35-60)

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the elements cited in Hanagan with the elements as taught by Brown because the claimed invention is merely a combination of old elements, and in the combination each element merely would have performed the same function as it did separately with predictable results.

Claim 54: Hanagan/Brown teaches the limitation(s) as shown in the rejection of claim 53.

In regard to the following limitation, Hanagan further suggests:

 wherein said service order component, said service agreement component, and said payment and adjustment component interfaced to said customer centric user interface; and said customer centric user interface providing a hierarchical relationship between a customer, an account and an agreement for providing customer care and managing customer related operations. (Hanagan: pohs 77-86)

### Conclusion

 THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event of a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the

date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory

period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or concerning this

communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to John Preston whose telephone number is 571.270.3918. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday-

Friday, 9:30am-5:00pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the

Examiner's supervisor, ALEXANDER KALINOWSKI can be reached at 571,272.6771.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be

obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system,

see http://portal.uspto.gov/external/portal/pair <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov >. Should you have

questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at

866.217.9197 (toll-free).

Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

or faxed to 571-273-8300

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Application/Control Number: 10/735,470

Art Unit: 3691

401 Dulany Street

Alexandria, VA 22314

/John O Preston/ Examiner, Art Unit 3691 January 6, 2011

/Kelly Campen/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3691